



Q1 2020: UAE Construction and Infrastructure Survey

Covid-19 further depresses activity

- Workloads across Dubai and Abu Dhabi decline further in the first quarter of 2020
- Business enquiries slip materially while profit margins viewed to have contracted sharply
- Twelve month expectations turn negative from positive readings in Q4

The RICS UAE Construction and Infrastructure Survey results point to a further deterioration in market conditions in the first quarter of 2020 as the coronavirus outbreak and subsequent global economic shock sends oil and gas prices sharply lower.

Total workloads continued to slip during Q1. The pace of decline accelerated over the period; a net balance of 19% of contributors reported a fall in Q1 2020 compared to 10% in Q4 2019. Looking at the sector breakdown in Figure 1, the private residential and industrial workloads posted the steepest quarterly decline (in net balance terms) though activity was also seen falling markedly in other segments.

Meanwhile, following three successive quarters of growth in 2019, infrastructure workloads fell in Q1 led by notable declines in work across the harbours/ports and airports sectors.

In keeping with this trend, a net balance of -68% of contributors said that new business enquires had slipped over the quarter. Furthermore, a net balance of -38% reported that firms reduced headcount while profit margins continued to contract sharply. Adding to the particularly challenging environment, payment delays were seen rising with a net balance of +47% of participants noting an increase.

Financial constraints were cited by 84% of contributors as impeding market activity. In addition to this, more than 50% of the survey participants believed that insufficient demand, competition and cost of materials are hampering the market at this point in time.

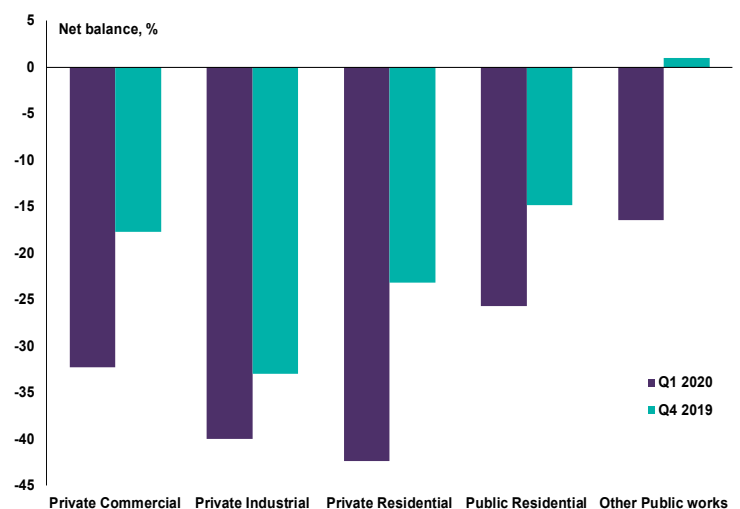
Sentiment over the twelve month horizon has turned particularly downbeat in Q1. Indeed, for the first time since the survey's inception in 2018, average twelve

month expectations for total workloads have edged into negative territory. Likewise, firms are also anticipated to reduce headcount in the year to come while profit margins are expected to be squeezed significantly on the same basis.

With regards to the outlook for tender prices, a net balance of -36% of contributors expect prices to fall for civil engineering projects in the coming year. Alongside this, a net balance of -33% anticipate prices to decrease in the coming twelve months for building projects.

Having said that, construction costs are also expected to fall in the year ahead, evidenced by a net balance of 19% of contributors envisaging a decline.

Figure 1: Workloads by sector



Comments from Survey Participants in the UAE



"It would seem that some construction companies are confused by imposed restrictions caused by Covid-19."

- Dubai



"Mostly declining asset values, will continue to exert downward pressure on build costs."

- Dubai



"Covid-19 Impact deteriorates any possible expectation, while Dubai hopes stay alive with Expo 2020!"

- Dubai



"Coronavirus has a global impact, especially shortage of imported materials."

- Dubai



"Due to Covid-19 people are loosing their jobs. Most companies are reducing salaries 25%."

- Dubai



"Delayed payment is an ongoing issue in the region."

- Dubai



"Most of MEP contractors leaving site due to long non payments."

- Dubai



"Obtaining financing and cash flow management is difficult in current virus environment."

- Abu Dhabi



"Our company (government company) seems to increase spending at times when private sector is declining."

- Abu Dhabi



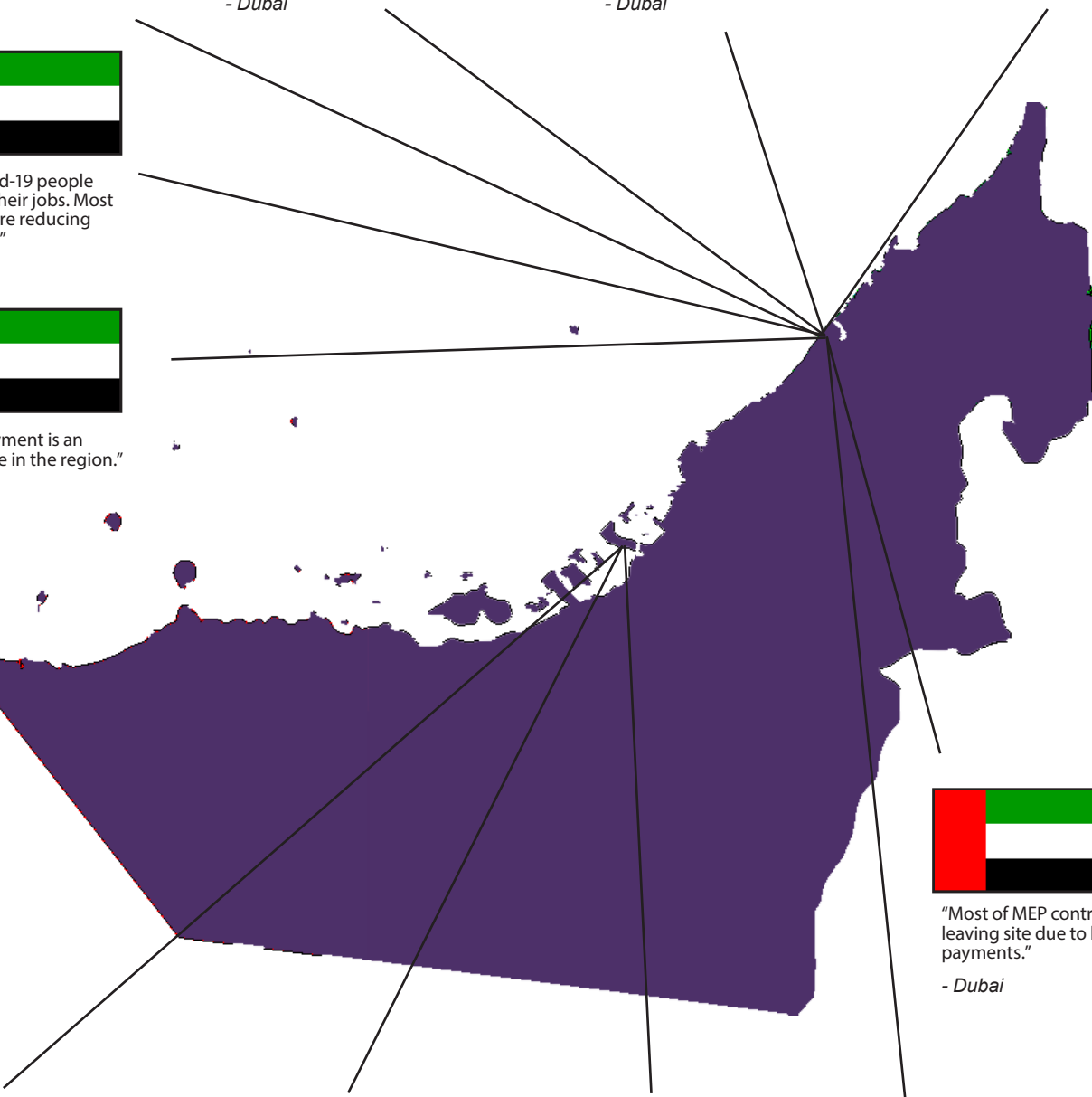
"More will loose their job or accept for lower wages and material prices will increase."

- Abu Dhabi



"The diffusion of Covid-19 in labour camps threatens manpower availability for construction works."

- Dubai

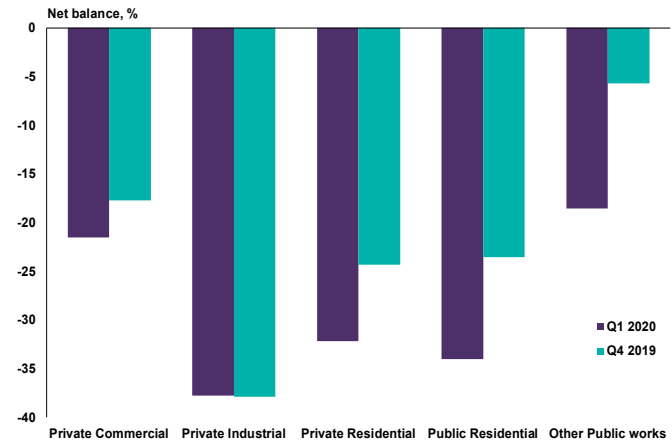


Regional Charts - Dubai

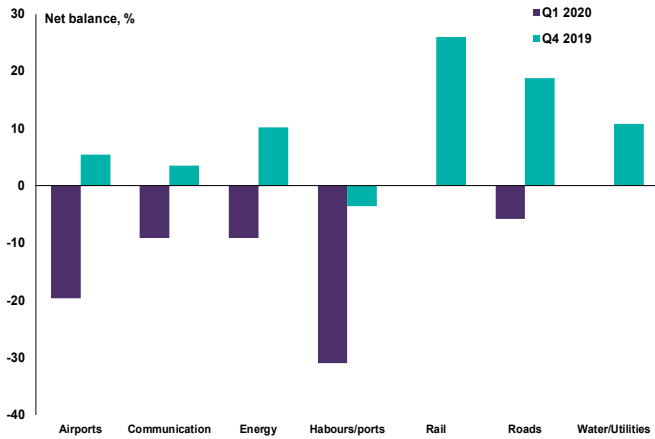
Market conditions have deteriorated further in Dubai during the first quarter of 2020 as the coronavirus pandemic disrupts the global economy. Workloads have slipped in virtually all categories over the quarter. Meanwhile, infrastructure workloads, which had reportedly risen across all market segments in the Q4, have also contracted in Q1 2020.

Feedback overall points to a difficult set of market conditions in the start of the year. Contributors report a decline in hiring as well as a fall in new business enquiries. Alongside this, payment delays have reportedly risen over the quarter. This has led to a sharp contraction in profit margins. There is little reason to anticipate an improvement in market conditions at least as far as the near term in concerned with contributors now expecting workloads, profit margins and hiring to fall in the coming year.

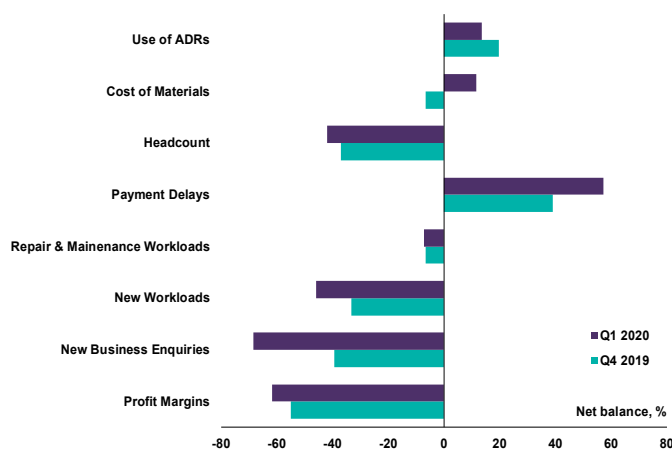
Workloads



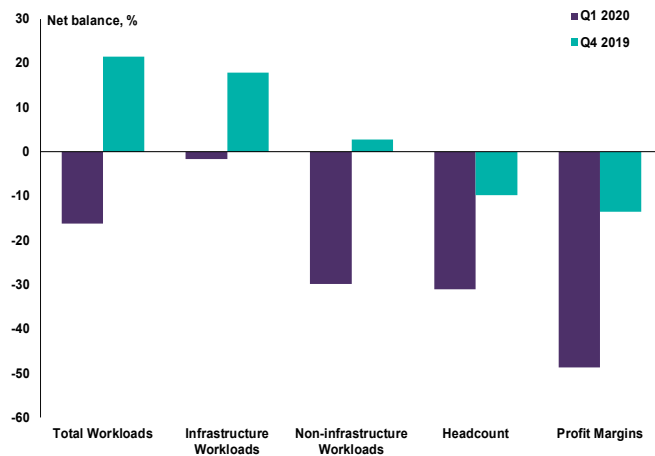
Infrastructure Workloads



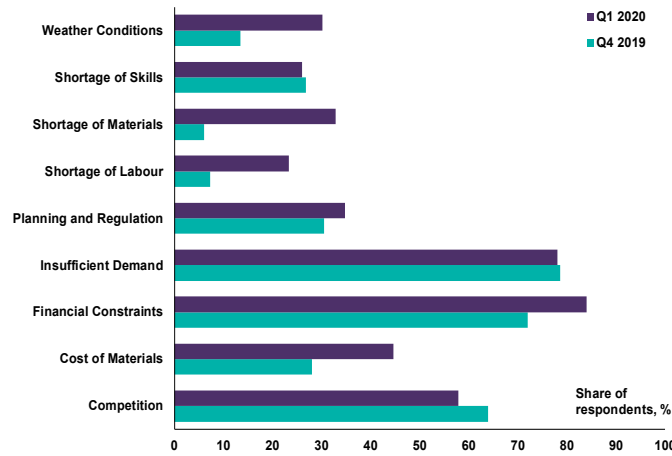
Current Conditions



12-month Expectations



Factors Holding Back Activity

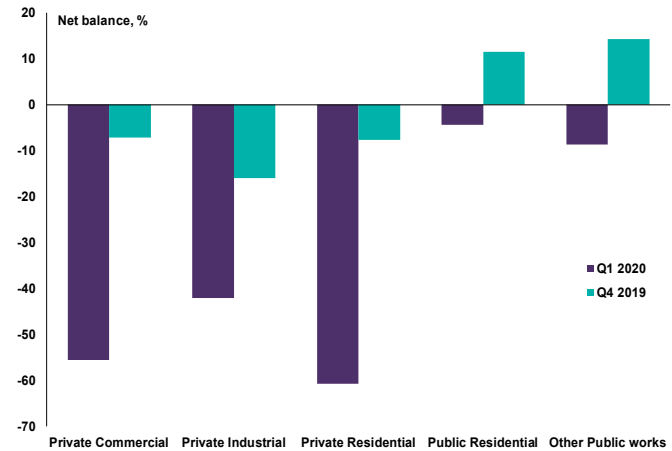


Regional Charts - Abu Dhabi

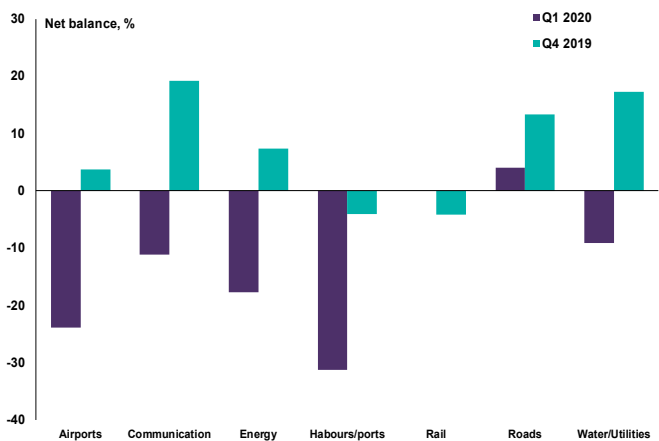
Conditions across Abu Dhabi are not much different to the wider UAE construction and infrastructure sector with activity reported to have fallen sharply in the start of the year as the covid-19 pandemic hits. Indeed, participants report a fall in workloads over the quarter, albeit the fall was confined to the private commercial, industrial and residential sectors while activity in the public residential and other public works categories was perceived to be more resilient.

Twelve month expectations for the coming year have slipped into negative territory with contributors now expecting workloads (both infrastructure and non-infrastructure) to decline in the year ahead. Furthermore, firms are also now anticipated to reduce headcount in the coming twelve months while profit margins are also expected to contract sharply on the same basis.

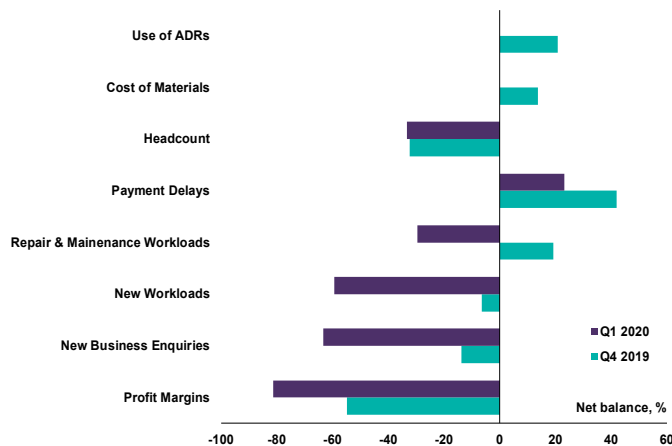
Workloads



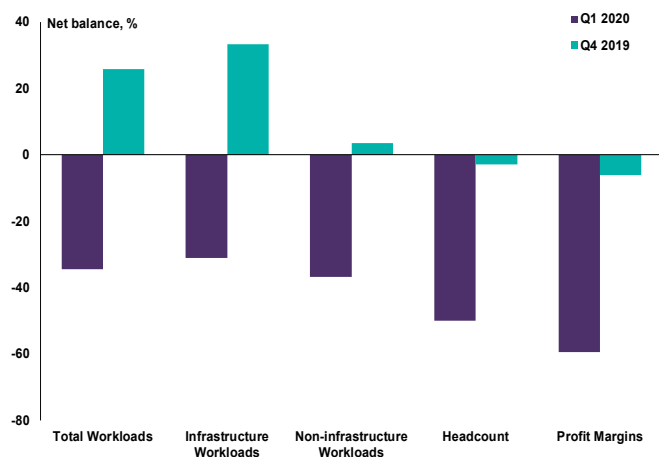
Infrastructure Workloads



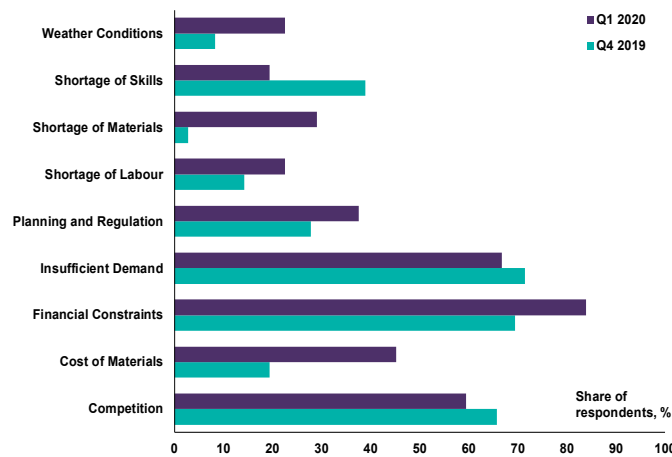
Current Conditions



12-month Expectations



Factors Holding Back Activity



RICS Consensus Tender Prices & Construction Costs (Next 12 months)

	Tender Prices		Construction Costs		
	Building	Civil Engineering	Commercial	Residential	Total
North America	+2.1%	+1.8%	+1.7%	+1.4%	+1.9%
Canada	+2.0%	+1.7%	+1.6%	+1.3%	+1.9%
British Columbia	+0.5%	+0.6%	+0.4%	+0.5%	+1.2%
Ontario	+3.4%	+3.1%	+3.2%	+3.1%	+3.2%
Praries & Territories	-1.0%	-1.2%	-1.0%	-1.1%	-0.3%
USA	+2.4%	+2.0%	+2.4%	+1.7%	+1.8%
Northeast	+2.3%	+0.2%	-0.6%	-0.5%	+0.7%
South	+4.1%	+4.4%	+3.4%	+1.6%	+4.1%
West	+1.2%	+1.3%	+3.1%	+2.9%	+0.8%
Asia Pacific	+1.2%	+1.6%	+2.1%	+1.9%	+2.3%
Australasia	+0.8%	+2.1%	+1.8%	+1.4%	+2.1%
Australia	+0.9%	+2.5%	+2.0%	+1.2%	+1.8%
New South Wales	+0.1%	+2.2%	+0.7%	+0.1%	+0.6%
Queensland	+2.6%	+4.9%	+4.2%	+3.1%	+3.5%
Victoria	+0.8%	+1.1%	+2.3%	+1.8%	+2.5%
Western Australia	+0.8%	+1.7%	+1.4%	+0.7%	+1.5%
New Zealand	+0.8%	+1.8%	+1.8%	+1.8%	+2.4%
North Island	+1.1%	+2.3%	+2.2%	+2.6%	+2.9%
South Island	-0.7%	-0.3%	+0.3%	-1.0%	+0.8%
East Asia	-0.1%	+0.1%	+1.0%	+0.8%	+0.9%
China	+4.4%	+4.6%	+4.3%	+3.8%	+4.6%
Eastern Region	+3.8%	+4.0%	+3.6%	+3.2%	+3.5%
Northern Region	+7.1%	+5.8%	+6.4%	+5.8%	+6.4%
South Central Region	+5.7%	+6.4%	+3.9%	+3.5%	+5.4%
Southwest Region	+3.1%	+3.5%	+5.6%	+4.0%	+4.8%
Hong Kong	-2.2%	-2.2%	-0.6%	-0.4%	-0.8%
Japan	+0.5%	+0.3%	+0.3%	-2.3%	+0.3%
South Asia	+4.4%	+4.1%	+4.5%	+4.3%	+4.9%
India	+4.1%	+3.9%	+4.2%	+3.9%	+4.4%
Northern Region	+3.7%	+4.0%	+4.1%	+3.7%	+4.0%
Southern Region	+3.5%	+3.6%	+3.7%	+4.0%	+4.0%
Western Region	+5.1%	+4.3%	+4.8%	+3.4%	+4.6%
Sri Lanka	+5.1%	+4.5%	+5.3%	+5.4%	+6.3%
Western Province	+5.3%	+4.7%	+5.9%	+6.2%	+7.2%

RICS Consensus Tender Prices & Construction Costs (Next 12 months)

	Tender Prices		Construction Costs		
	Building	Civil Engineering	Commercial	Residential	Total
Southeast Asia	+0.6%	+1.0%	+1.7%	+1.5%	+2.0%
Malaysia	-1.9%	-1.6%	-0.8%	-1.1%	-0.7%
Borneo	-2.5%	-3.0%	-0.2%	-0.9%	+0.2%
Northern Region	-2.7%	-1.7%	-1.9%	-0.6%	-0.4%
Southern Region	-3.3%	-3.6%	-3.3%	-2.6%	-4.1%
Western Region	-1.6%	-1.3%	-0.5%	-1.1%	-0.5%
Philippines	+6.6%	+6.8%	+6.8%	+6.9%	+7.2%
Singapore	+0.2%	+1.4%	+1.5%	+1.7%	+2.7%
Middle East & Africa	+1.7%	+1.6%	+2.6%	+1.9%	+2.4%
Middle East	+0.2%	+0.1%	+1.1%	+0.4%	+1.0%
Bahrain	+2.1%	+1.1%	+2.1%	+1.7%	+2.7%
Kuwait	+3.2%	+1.9%	+3.6%	+1.9%	+3.2%
Oman	+1.5%	+1.6%	+2.9%	+2.4%	+2.7%
Qatar	+3.4%	+3.5%	+3.6%	+2.7%	+3.8%
Saudi Arabia	+2.2%	+1.4%	+3.4%	+3.2%	+2.6%
Makkah	+4.1%	+2.6%	+4.1%	+3.6%	+4.4%
Riyadh	+4.0%	+5.9%	+5.7%	+4.8%	+6.2%
UAE	-2.8%	-2.8%	-1.7%	-2.5%	-1.9%
Abu Dhabi	-4.0%	-4.0%	-3.1%	-4.5%	-3.7%
Dubai	-2.4%	-2.4%	-1.2%	-1.7%	-1.2%
Africa	+3.8%	+3.9%	+4.6%	+4.0%	+4.3%
Ghana	+3.1%	+2.6%	+2.6%	+2.7%	+1.8%
Mauritius	+6.5%	+6.4%	+7.1%	+6.9%	+7.1%
Nigeria	+6.8%	+7.8%	+7.3%	+5.5%	+6.3%
Northern States	+7.5%	+7.5%	+7.0%	+5.9%	+6.5%
Southern States	+6.4%	+8.0%	+7.5%	+5.3%	+6.3%
South Africa	+3.0%	+2.8%	+3.8%	+3.8%	+4.1%
Gauteng	+4.0%	+3.5%	+3.9%	+3.5%	+4.1%
KwaZulu Natal	+1.4%	+2.4%	+2.8%	+4.2%	+3.2%

RICS Consensus Labour & Material Costs (Next 12 months)

	Labour Costs		Material Costs					
	Skilled	Unskilled	Bricks	Concrete	Copper	Glass	Steel	Total
Asia Pacific	+2.4%	+1.3%	+2.1%	+2.8%	+2.6%	+2.1%	+2.7%	+2.7%
Australasia	+1.6%	+0.4%	+2.0%	+2.4%	+2.9%	+2.6%	+3.2%	+2.5%
Australia	+1.5%	+0.1%	+1.9%	+2.4%	+2.9%	+2.5%	+3.2%	+2.6%
New South Wales	+1.4%	+0.3%	+2.8%	+3.5%	+3.5%	+3.5%	+3.8%	+3.2%
Queensland	+2.8%	+1.3%	+3.0%	+3.4%	+2.4%	+1.6%	+1.4%	+2.4%
Victoria	+0.4%	+0.1%	+1.0%	+1.0%	+1.2%	+1.7%	+2.4%	+1.8%
Western Australia	+0.5%	-1.8%	-1.2%	-1.2%	+4.7%	+0.7%	+4.5%	+2.7%
New Zealand	+1.7%	+0.9%	+2.2%	+2.4%	+3.1%	+2.9%	+3.4%	+2.5%
North Island	+2.2%	+1.8%	+3.0%	+3.0%	+3.2%	+3.2%	+4.2%	+3.1%
South Island	+0.8%	-0.7%	+0.5%	+1.1%	+2.6%	+2.0%	+1.7%	+1.1%
East Asia	+1.3%	-0.2%	+1.6%	+1.8%	+1.4%	+1.1%	+1.3%	+1.6%
China	+5.8%	+3.8%	+4.4%	+4.5%	+2.9%	+2.2%	+3.1%	+4.0%
Eastern Region	+4.6%	+2.5%	+3.4%	+3.2%	+2.4%	+1.2%	+2.2%	+3.1%
Northern Region	+5.6%	+4.2%	+7.3%	+6.4%	+2.4%	+2.9%	+4.0%	+6.1%
South Central Region	+9.4%	+7.5%	+7.4%	+8.4%	+5.0%	+5.0%	+6.5%	+6.8%
Southwest Region	+5.4%	+1.9%	+2.0%	+2.7%	+2.1%	+0.9%	+1.3%	+1.7%
Hong Kong	-0.7%	-2.2%	+0.5%	+0.7%	+0.6%	+0.6%	+0.5%	+0.6%
Japan	-0.3%	+1.1%	+0.7%	+1.0%	+0.9%	+1.7%	+0.6%	+0.2%
South Asia	+5.2%	+4.5%	+4.2%	+5.1%	+4.9%	+4.0%	+5.3%	+4.8%
India	+5.1%	+4.5%	+4.1%	+4.8%	+4.4%	+3.5%	+4.8%	+4.3%
Northern Region	+4.5%	+3.6%	+4.5%	+5.2%	+4.5%	+4.4%	+5.4%	+4.4%
Southern Region	+5.5%	+4.6%	+4.1%	+4.6%	+4.4%	+3.0%	+3.7%	+3.9%
Western Region	+4.8%	+4.8%	+3.2%	+4.0%	+3.8%	+3.2%	+5.5%	+4.2%
Sri Lanka	+5.6%	+5.0%	+4.5%	+6.1%	+6.7%	+5.7%	+7.3%	+6.6%
Western Province	+5.4%	+4.9%	+5.0%	+6.2%	+7.1%	+6.0%	+7.4%	+6.8%
Southeast Asia	+1.9%	+1.2%	+1.2%	+2.3%	+2.0%	+1.6%	+1.9%	+2.5%
Malaysia	+0.4%	-0.2%	-0.2%	+0.8%	+0.8%	+0.0%	-0.1%	+0.6%
Borneo	+0.9%	-1.2%	+0.7%	+2.6%	+3.6%	+3.6%	+2.1%	+3.2%
Northern Region	+0.9%	-0.8%	-3.3%	-1.1%	+0.0%	-1.9%	-1.8%	-2.1%
Southern Region	-1.5%	-1.5%	-2.4%	-0.9%	-2.3%	-3.6%	-3.2%	-0.5%
Western Region	+0.4%	+0.1%	+0.2%	+1.0%	+0.8%	+0.1%	-0.0%	+0.8%
Philippines	+4.4%	+3.6%	+3.7%	+5.1%	+4.2%	+4.5%	+5.8%	+6.0%
Singapore	+3.1%	+2.5%	+1.5%	+3.3%	+1.8%	+1.8%	+2.2%	+3.4%

RICS Consensus Labour & Material Costs (Next 12 months)

	Labour Costs		Material Costs					
	Skilled	Unskilled	Bricks	Concrete	Copper	Glass	Steel	Total
Middle East & Africa	+2.7%	+1.7%	+2.5%	+2.8%	+3.5%	+3.2%	+3.8%	+3.4%
Middle East	+1.5%	+0.7%	+1.7%	+1.6%	+2.1%	+2.2%	+2.3%	+2.1%
Bahrain	+1.4%	+0.7%	+2.5%	+1.7%	+3.1%	+3.1%	+2.7%	+2.9%
Kuwait	+2.6%	+2.3%	+2.0%	+1.9%	+1.9%	+1.9%	+2.0%	+1.9%
Oman	+2.4%	+2.4%	+0.5%	+1.0%	+2.5%	+2.5%	+2.4%	+2.0%
Qatar	+3.6%	+2.7%	+3.8%	+4.5%	+5.1%	+5.2%	+5.1%	+4.7%
Saudi Arabia	+3.8%	+2.2%	+2.6%	+1.8%	+2.4%	+2.4%	+3.1%	+3.2%
Makkah	+4.8%	+3.7%	+3.6%	+1.7%	+2.7%	+2.5%	+4.0%	+4.5%
Riyadh	+3.8%	+3.3%	+4.7%	+5.9%	+6.5%	+5.3%	+6.8%	+6.6%
UAE	-0.5%	-1.1%	+0.4%	+0.1%	+0.1%	+0.3%	+0.4%	+0.3%
Abu Dhabi	-2.5%	-2.7%	+0.1%	-0.1%	-1.3%	-1.0%	-1.5%	-0.9%
Dubai	+0.3%	-0.5%	+0.6%	+0.3%	+0.7%	+0.9%	+1.2%	+0.9%
Africa	+4.6%	+3.0%	+3.7%	+4.6%	+5.7%	+4.7%	+6.3%	+5.4%
Ghana	+7.5%	+2.9%	+3.9%	+4.3%	+5.8%	+5.6%	+5.0%	+5.8%
Mauritius	+6.0%	+5.5%	+5.5%	+5.2%	+7.4%	+7.8%	+6.2%	+6.5%
Nigeria	+4.9%	+3.5%	+3.5%	+5.3%	+5.6%	+5.9%	+7.3%	+5.6%
Northern States	+7.6%	+5.7%	+4.7%	+5.8%	+5.9%	+6.6%	+8.2%	+6.6%
Southern States	+3.6%	+2.4%	+2.9%	+5.1%	+5.4%	+5.5%	+6.8%	+5.1%
South Africa	+4.7%	+3.9%	+4.5%	+5.1%	+6.8%	+4.4%	+7.2%	+5.3%
Gauteng	+4.3%	+3.7%	+4.0%	+4.8%	+6.9%	+4.0%	+7.7%	+4.8%
KwaZulu Natal	+4.3%	+3.5%	+5.3%	+5.6%	+6.9%	+4.7%	+6.7%	+6.6%

Information

Construction and Infrastructure Survey

RICS' Asia-Pacific and Middle East Construction and Infrastructure Survey is a quarterly guide to the trends in the construction and infrastructure markets. The report is available from the RICS website www.rics.org/economics along with other surveys covering the housing market, residential lettings, commercial property, construction activity and the rural land market.

Methodology

Survey questionnaires were sent out on 11 March 2020 with responses received until 16 April 2020. Respondents were asked to compare conditions over the latest three months with the previous three months as well as their views as to the outlook. A total of 1323 company responses were received globally. Results are collated at a country level with regional results only reported if a minimum of ten responses received. Responses in Canada were collected in conjunction with the Canadian Institute of Quantity Surveyors. Responses in the United States were collected in conjunction with the Association for the Advancement of Cost Engineering.

Net balance = Proportion of respondents reporting a rise in a variable (e.g. occupier demand) minus those reporting a fall (if 30% reported a rise and 5% reported a fall, the net balance will be 25%). Net balance data can range from -100 to +100.

A positive net balance reading indicates an overall increase while a negative reading indicates an overall decline.

Contact details

This publication has been produced by RICS. For all economic enquiries, including participation in the monitor please contact: economics@rics.org

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Confidence through professional standards

RICS promotes and enforces the highest professional qualifications and standards in the valuation, development and management of land, real estate, construction and infrastructure. Our name promises the consistent delivery of standards – bringing confidence to markets and effecting positive change in the built and natural environments.

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